

PROMOTING THE PROTECTION, CONSERVATION AND RESTORATION OF NATURAL FOREST ECOSYSTEMS AND THEIR PROCESSES ON THE OLYMPIC PENINSULA, INCLUDING FISH AND WILDLIFE HABITAT, AND SURROUNDING ECOSYSTEMS

February 21, 2019

The Honorable Brian Blake, Chair House Rural Development, Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee 437A Legislative Building Washington State Legislature

The Honorable Mike Chapman, Bill Sponsor House Rural Development, Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee 437A Legislative Building Washington State Legislature

Electronic Communication

RE: HB 2097, A bill regarding gray wolf recovery in Washington State - Support with Amendments

Representatives Blake and Chapman:

I am writing on behalf of the Olympic Forest Coalition, a grassroots organization of members living in communities located on the Olympic Peninsula. Thank you for the opportunity to comment on HB 2097, and your leadership to balance the needs of rural communities and the environment.

The Olympic Forest Coalition supports HB 2097, a bill regarding gray wolf recovery in Washington State, with the amendments proposed in the accompanying document. The document is a line in, line out markup compromise of the bill supported by our members and other conservation organizations. Our highest priority is to see the section on regional delisting removed from the original bill. If the bill is not amended in Committee, we hereby state our opposition. We will support passage of the bill only with the full commitment and understanding that the bill be amended before a floor vote.

Thank you for your kind attention.

Sincerely,

Lain Smith

Lorna Smith Vice President Olympic Forest Coalition

HOUSE BILL 2097

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Representatives Kretz, Chapman, Springer, Blake, Pettigrew, Dent, Schmick, Dye, Maycumber, Wilcox, and Corry

Read first time 02/19/19. Referred to Committee on Rural Development, Agriculture, & Natural Resources.

AN ACT Relating to addressing statewide wolf recovery; amending RCW 16.76.020; adding a new section to chapter 77.36 RCW; and creating new sections.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. (1) It is the legislature's intent to NEW SECTION. 6 support full recovery of gray wolves in Washington state in 7 accordance with the department of fish and wildlife's 2011 wolf recovery conservation and management plan 8 and state law. Tt. is also the

9 legislature's intent to support the livestock industry and rural 10 lifestyles and ensure that state agencies and residents have the 11 tools necessary to support coexistence with wolves.

12 (2) The wolf plan requires that the department of fish and 13 wildlife conduct a review of the effectiveness of the plan's 14 implementation every five years. The legislature finds that because the regional recovery goals have been exceeded in the eastern 15 Washington recovery region, but not yet in other regions, it 16 is timely for the department of fish and wildlife to conduct a periodic 17 review of the endangered gray wolf population in accordance 18 status with WAC 220-610-110 sections 7 and 8 and

19 recommend to the state fish and wildlife commission whether a change

20 in status is warranted, or not warranted.

1 (3) Furthermore, the legislature recognizes that management solutions to of

2 wolf-livestock conflict <u>is</u> are key to both wolf recovery and public

3 acceptance of wolves in rural areas and that as the wolf population 4 grows, and even after it achieves recovery, stable and adequate

5 funding for nonlethal wolf deterrence, outreach and education will be needed to support

6 livestock producers and the livestock industry and minimize the need for lethal removal of wolves. As such, it is the intent of the 7 legislature, regardless of the listing status of gray wolves, to 8 continue to sufficiently fund nonlethal deterrents for minimizing 9 livestock by wolves. Proactive deterrence 10 depredation of and 11 community collaboration, as set forth in RCW 16.76.020, are necessary to reduce conflict between wolves and livestock and will be important 12 for maintaining the economic viability of the livestock industry, the 13 state's wolf populations, and public acceptance of wolves 14 in 15 northeast Washington after wolves have recovered and have been 16 delisted.

17 (4) Further, the legislature intends to expand funding and 18 personnel resources in the department of fish and wildlife for 19 similar nonlethal deterrent efforts to mitigate conflicts statewide, 20 as wolves recover in the remainder of the state beyond northeast 21 Washington.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. (1) The state department of fish and 23 wildlife shall immediately review the listing status of the gray 24 wolf, *Canis lupus*, as an endangered, threatened, or sensitive species 25 under RCW 77.12.020, or the rules adopted under RCW 77.12.020. The 26 review must determine if Washington's wolf population is no longer in 27 danger of failing, declining, or no longer vulnerable to limited 28 numbers, disease, predation, habitat loss or change, or exploitation, 29 and must examine the relationship between wolf population levels in 30 the eastern Washington recovery region and their role in wolf 31 colonization in the remaining recovery regions. The review required 32 in this section must be based solely on the numerical biological 33 status and preponderance of scientific data available.

34 (2) If the review required under subsection (1) of this section 35 finds that the gray wolf is no longer in danger of failing, 36 declining, or no longer vulnerable to limited numbers, disease, 37 predation, habitat loss or change, or exploitation, the state fish p. 3 HB 2097 38 and wildlife commission shall consider whether a change in listing

39 status is warranted either:

l (a) Statewide; or

2 (b) In any area of the state where the gray wolf was removed from 3 the federal list of endangered and threatened wildlife, maintained by 4 the secretary of the United States department of the interior under 5 the federal endangered species act, prior to June 30, 2014.

6 (3) The action in subsection (2) of this section may only occur 7 if it does not impede recolonization and recovery in the rest of the 8 state.

9 (4) The state fish and wildlife commission's consideration of the 10 listing status of gray wolves as required by this section must be 11 completed by June 30, 2020.

12 Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 77.36 NEW SECTION. 13 RCW to read as follows: 14 The department shall increase staff resources in Okanogan, Pend Oreille, Ferry and 15 Stevens counties for response to wolf-livestock conflict on an ongoing basis and for coordination with livestock producers on the 16 continued implementation of proactive nonlethal deterrents. Such staff 17 shall be experienced in the selection and deployment of nonlethal deterrents and shall be experienced in community involvement and outreach.

18 Sec. 4. RCW 16.76.020 and 2017 c 257 s 3 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

(1) The northeast Washington wolf-livestock management grant is created within the department. Funds from the grant program must be used only for the deployment of nonlethal deterrence resources in any Washington county east of the crest of the Cascade mountain range that shares a border with Canada, including human presence, and locally owned and deliberately located equipment and tools.

26 (2) (a) A four-member advisory board is established to advise the 27 department on the expenditure of the northeast Washington wolflivestock management grant funds. Advisory board members must be 28 29 knowledgeable about wolf depredation issues, and have a special 30 interest in the use of nonlethal wolf management techniques. Board 31 members are unpaid, are not state employees, and are not eligible for 32 reimbursement for subsistence, lodging, or travel expenses incurred 33 in the performance of their duties as board members. The director must appoint each member to the board for a term of two years. Board 34 may be reappointed for subsequent two-year terms. 35 members The

36 following board members must be appointed by the director in 37 consultation with each applicable conservation district and the 38 legislators in the legislative district encompassing each county:

1 (i) One Ferry county conservation district board member or staff
2 member;

3 (ii) One Stevens county conservation district board member or 4 staff member;

5 (iii) One Pend Oreille conservation district board member or 6 staff member; and

7 (iv) One Okanogan conservation district board member or staff
8 member.

9 (b) If no board member <u>or staff member</u> qualifies under this 10 section, the director must appoint a resident of the applicable 11 county to serve on the board.

12 (c) Board members may not:

13 (i) Directly benefit, in whole or in part, from any contract 14 entered into or grant awarded under this section; or

(ii) Directly accept any compensation, gratuity, or reward in connection with such a contract from any other person with a beneficial interest in the contract.

(3) The board must help direct funding for the deployment of 18 nonlethal deterrence resources, including human presence, and locally 19 owned and deliberately located equipment and tools. Funds may only be 20 21 distributed to nonprofit community-based collaborative organizations 22 that have advisory boards that include personnel from relevant 23 agencies including, but not limited to, the United States forest 24 service and the Washington department of fish and wildlife((, or to 25 individuals that are willing to receive technical assistance from the 26 same agencies)).

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New Section:

A new section is added to RCW 79A.25.280 to read as follows

(1) A new grant fund is created under the auspices of the Washington Recreation and Conservation Office to provide outreach, training and demonstrations on how communities, recreationists, farmers and ranchers can live, work and recreate safely and knowledgeably with wolves through understanding of wolf behavior and appropriate human non-lethal responses as wolves repopulate Washington State throughout the recovery regions identified in the Washington Wolf Conservation and Management Plan.

- (2) Grants shall be made available for non-profit organizations lawfully operating in the State of Washington with proven experience in outreach, training and deployment of nonlethal livestock-predator conflict avoidance measures. Grants shall be available for projects, research or activities, guided by best available science, in any Washington County where wolves are currently present, or are predicted to be present in the next five years, according to the Wolf Conservation and Management Plan.
- (3) A six-member advisory committee is created to establish eligibility criteria review of grant applications, identify and rank the projects eligible for funding and advise the RCO Director of the results. Advisory committee members must have knowledge of wolf ecology and biology, familiarity with the Wolf Conservation and Management Plan, and have experience and understanding in training and deployment of nonlethal wolf livestock conflict avoidance techniques based on best available science.

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